

User Guide ver. 2.9 02/11/99

McQpCO

Standard Chiller + Heat Pump

McQpCO ver2.9 02/11/99

Main functions performed by pCO

- Management of one heat pump or one chiller made up of 2 compressors equipped with 1 capacity-controlled valve
- Display of all measured values and set-points
- Possibility of setting and successively modifying the regulation parameters
- Indication of any off-normal condition via acoustic and visual signals (BUZZER and ALARM MESSAGES)
- USER-UNIT communication interface (KEYPAD and DISPLAY)
- Possible connection to remote supervisor via RS422 serial line.
- Possible connection to serial printer





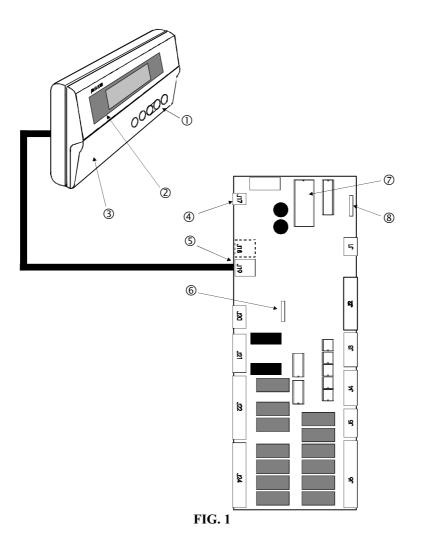
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Hardware architecture



The figure above shows pCO's hardware architecture:

- Main Card with CPU, BIOS, application SW and I/O
- Keypad-led-display: terminal unit
- Connection cable between terminal and main card



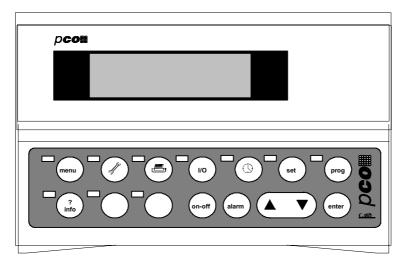


Keypad

The figure below shows pCO's front panel with open front lid.

The microprocessor-based terminal is equipped with lcd (4 x 20), keypad and led indicators which make it extremely simple to set the working parameters (set-points, differential, alarm thresholds) and to perform any other regulation operation.

The connection between terminal unit and main card is not necesssary during pCO's normal functioning.



The terminal unit is necessary to program the unit and display its working parameters. It enables you to perform the following operations:

- initial programming via password;
- possibility of modifying run-time any working parameter; display of any alarm condition (via alarm messages and buzzer);
- display of all measured values.

Technical specifications

The unit is powered via the main card by means of a 6-way connector.

The working temperature should range between 0 and 50 $^\circ\text{C},$ the storage temperature between - 20 and 50 $^\circ\text{C}.$

There are 10 buttons on the polycharbonate front panel plus 5 buttons in silicone translucent rubber.

There are 3 led indicators below the rubber buttons, 10 led below the polycharbonate front panel plus 5 extra (optional) leds on the right side of the display.

Electromagnetic, 2 KHz self-oscillating buzzer.





MCO

The electronic card, that includes the support for led indicators and buttons, has been housed inside a standard plastic case together with the display. Panel and wall mounting cases available.

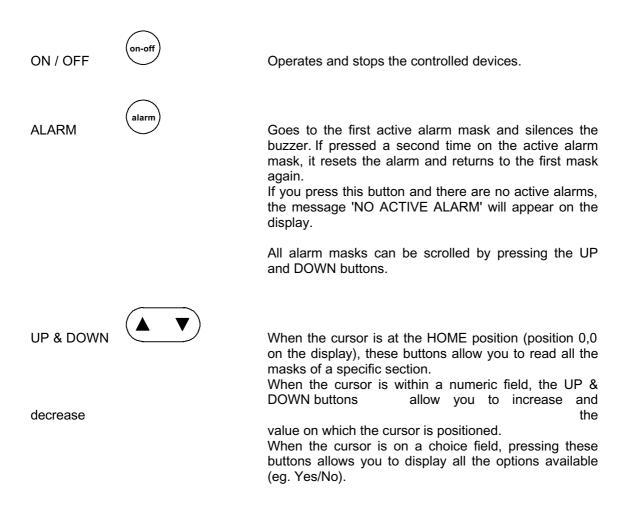
As you can see on pag. 4, pCO's housing comes complete with a front panel lid that opens with a max. span of 150 °C.

When the lid is closed, only the five backlit silicone rubber keys will be directly accessed.

pCO comes complete with a small 15-button keypad. Keypad and display represent the User Interface.

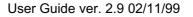


The main parameters or parameters loops are directly accessed by keypad by acting on the following keys:

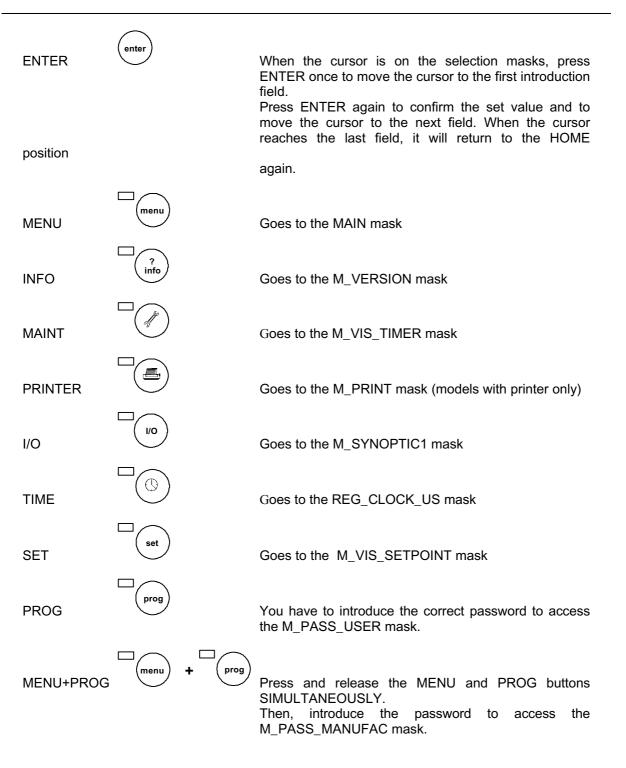




Conditioning: pCO Standard	d chiller + heat pump
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MCO



Led Indicators

The keypad buttons and the green led indicators are placed side by side. Any time you press a button, the corresponding green led will light up thus making it easier for the you to identify which mask section you are using.



When pressing the MENU+PROG buttons to access the configuration parameters, it is the led indicator corresponding to the PROG button that will light up.

There are other three led indicators under the following rubber buttons:

1. ON / OFF button	green led indicator - Indicates that the unit is ON.
2. ALARM button	red led indicator - Indicates an alarm condition.
3. ENTER button	yellow led indicator - Indicates correct power supply.

When the unit is forced into the manual operation mode (in this case the unit turns off), the led corresponding to the ON/OFF button will flash.

It will stop blinking as soon as the Operator disenables all devices by means of the manual procedure.

In the event of off-normal condition the led relative to the ALARM button will flash and the buzzer will sound.

Press the ALARM key once to display the type of alarm occurred and disactivate both led and buzzer.

By pressing the ALARM key a second time you will cancel the stored alarm but if the cause that generated the alarm still persists, the same alarm message will appear again.

All alarms must be manually reset (by pressing the ALARM key) before reactivating the relative devices.

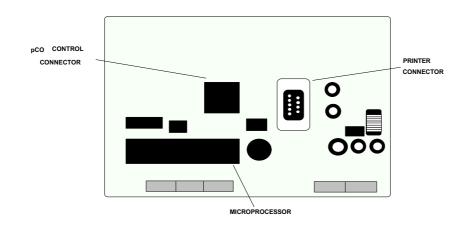
If you do not perform any operation within 5 minutes, the unit will return to the Main mask (accessible by the MENU button) where you can display the values measured by the temperature probe at evaporator inlet.

Back part of the card

The terminal card includes:

the microprocessor

the outputs for connections to pCO and serial printer

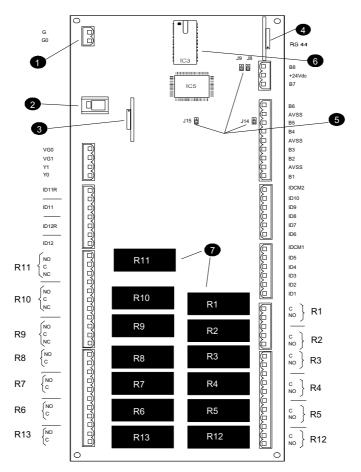






Main Card

The controller's card is the heart of the entire system since it contains the microprocessor that performs the control algorithm.



Components of the Main Card

(1) Power supply connector 24 Vac

(2) Telephone connector to the terminal unit (RS485) or to local network connection

- (3) Clock card (optional)
- (4) RS422 optoisolated card for serial line connection to supervisory/telemaintenance systems
- (5) Pin strips to be positioned as follows, depending on your application requirements:
 - J8: position 1-2 for connecting the card to a terminal unit or to the supervisor; position 2-3 just allows a local network connection
 - J9: position 1-2 enables remote reset from the supervisor;
 - J14: position 1-2 enables tension input B5,
 - position 2-3 enables current input B5.
 - J15: position 1-2 enables tension input B6, position 2-3 enables current input B6.

(6) Program Eprom.

(7) Output relays

Rxx:

Relay output connectors





No:	ormally open contact
Nc:	Normally closed contact
C:	Common reference
ID:	Digital inputs
IDCM:	Common for digital inputs
Bx:	Analogue input
AVSS:	Reference for analogue inputs
Yx:	Analogue outputs
Yx:	Analogue outputs
VG1/0:	Analogue outputs power source 24V

Technical specifications

MAIN CARD - MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Card, 16.5 DIN modules	107 x 292,5 mm
Fasteners	6 fastners {\SIMBOLO 198 \f "Symbol"} 4 mm plus optional support for DIN rail mounting

Terminal block	
Туре	male/female plug-in connectors
Max. current	16 A
Max. voltage	250 Vac
Max. cable section	2,5 mm 2

CONNECTION TO KEYPAD - DISPLAY UNIT (see figure)

Туре	Asyncronous, half duplex, 2-wire lead
Connector	telephone-type 6-way lead
Driver	balanced differential CMR 7 V (type RS422)
Distance	max. 1 Km

Alternatively, Carel local network connection available. In this case interfacing the unit to the supervisory system will not be possible.





Mounting pCO optional cards

Clock card

The clock card is necessary to display the current time and date and to perform a time-zone control action.

MNEWCLOCK0

Connect it to connector no. 3 shown in the figure on page 7.

In the event of power supply failure to pCO, the clock card will be powered by a rechargable lithium battery (45 mA/h, min. operating time = one month).

Code

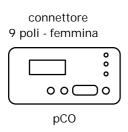
Optoisolated RS422 serial card

The RS422 serial card allows pCO to be network connected into local or remote supervisory and telemaintenance systems. Connect this card to the relative connector (4) shown on page 7.

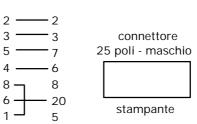
Code

PCOSER0000

Connection to a 80-column serial printer: electrical diagram.







Mounting the Eprom

The Eprom must be inserted into the main card.

An arrow on the label of the eprom indicates how to insert it correctly.



When inserting the eprom into its socket pay attention to align its polarity correctly (the notch on the eprom must coincide with that of the socket). Insert the eprom carefully without bending or breaking its small pins.







Before requesting Service

THE UNIT DOES NOT START

Led of the Enter key off, Lcd off, other led indicators off.

Cause:

- a. no mains voltage
- b. transformer (220 24V) is not powered with 24 Vac
- c. 24V power supply connector is not well plugged-in

THE UNIT IS ON BUT:

the alarm led indicator is ON the LCD shows no messages or random messages the buzzer sounds

Cause:

- a. eprom inserted with wrong polarity
- b. pins of the eprom bent
- c. microprocessor chip damaged: contact qualified service personnel
- d: telephone cable from terminal to main card is not correctly connected

WRONG INPUT SIGNALS READING

Cause:

- a. incorrect probe connections
- b. probes' wires must be placed far from electrical noises (power cables, contactors, high tension cables, etc.)
- c. incorrect connection between interfaces and controller (flat cables)
- d. incorrect power source to interfaces

FAULTY EEPROM

a. contact qualified service personnel

pCO TURNS OFF AND ON REPEATEDLY (WATCH-DOG) OR IT OPERATES SOME (DIGITAL AND/OR ANALOGUE) OUTPUTS AT RANDOM.

Cause:

- a. incorrect power supply
- b. power cables are too close to the microprocessors of the interfaces and to the control card.

Inputs / Outputs

Analogue inputs



TERMINAL	SCREEN PRINT	FUNCTION
J2 - 1	B1	Water temperature at evaporator inlet
J2 - 2	AVSS	Common to analogue inputs
J2 - 3	B2	Water temperature at evaporator outlet
J2 - 4	B3	External air temperature/
		(Temperature coil 1 only MHP)
J2 - 5	AVSS	Common to analogue inputs
J2 - 6	B4	Open (Temperature coil 2 only MHP)
J2 - 7	B5	High pressure circuit no. 1
J2 - 8	AVSS	Common to analogue inputs
J2 - 9	B6	High pressure circuit no. 2

Digital inputs

TERMINAL	SCREEN PRINT	FUNCTION
J4 - 1	ID1	Pumpdown Circuit 1
J4 - 2	ID2	Winter / Summer (only MHP)
J4 - 3	ID3	Flow switch
J4 - 4	ID4	Pumpdown Circuit 2
J4 - 5	ID5	High Pressure switch Circuit 1
J4 - 6	IDCM1	Common to digital inputs J4 - 1 / 5
J3 - 1	ID6	High Pressure switch Circuit 2
J3 - 2	ID7	Oil differential pressurestat compressor no. 1
J3 - 3	ID8	Oil differential pressurestat compressor no. 2
J3 - 4	ID9	Low pressure pressurestat circuit 1
J3 - 5	ID10	Low pressure pressurestat circuit 2
J3 - 6	IDCM2	Common to digital inputs J3 - 1 / 5
J21 - 1	ID11	Compressor circuit breaker no. 1
J21 - 3	ID11R	Common to digital input J21 - 1
J21 - 5	ID12	Compressor circuit breaker no. 2
J21 - 7	ID12R	Common digital input J21 - 5

Digital outputs

TERMINAL	SCREEN PRINT	FUNCTION
J5 - 4 / J5 - 5	C1 - NO1	Liquid Solenoid compressor no. 1
J5 - 1 / J5 - 2	C2 - NO2	Liquid Solenoid compressor no. 2





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J6 - 10 / J6 - 11	C3 - NO3	Fan 2° step Circuit 1 (Chiller)/ Rversing cycle electrovalve no.1 (MHP)
J6 - 7 / J6 - 8	C4 - NO4	Fan 2° step Circuit 2 (Chiller)/ Rversing cycle electrovalve no.2 (MHP)
J6 - 4 / J6 - 5	C5 - NO5	Compressor no. 1
J24 - 7 / J24 - 8	C6 - NO6	Compressor no. 2
J24 - 4 / J24 - 5	C7 - NO7	Electropump
J24 - 1 / J24 - 2	C8 - NO8	Unused
J22 - 9 / J22 - 10	C9 - NO9	Capacity-controlled compressor no.1
J22 - 5 / J22 - 6	C10 - NO10	Capacity-controlled compressor no.2
J22 - 1 / J22 - 2	C11 - NO11	General alarm
J6 - 1 / J6 - 2	C12 - NO12	Fan 1° step Circuit 1
J24 - 10 / J24 - 11	C13 - NO13	Fan 1° step Circuit 2

Analogue output

TERMINAL	SCREEN PRINT	FUNCTION
J20 - 3	Y0 - VG0	Fans inverter Circuit no.1 (Optional)
J20 - 4	Y1 - VG0	Fans inverter Circuit no.2 (Optional)

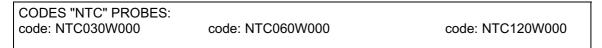


Inputs and outputs connections

Connecting NTC temperature probes



The two cables of the NTC probe have no polarity so connect them as you like.



The probe signal is an ohm value depending on temperature. The table shows different resistance values at different temperatures. Disconnect the probe at the interface input and measure its resistance at its terminal so as to infer the corresponding temperature value from the table:

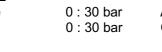
°C: -20; -15; -10; -5; 0; 5; 10; 15; 20; 25; 30; 35 KOhm: 67.71; 53.39; 42.25; 33.89; 27.28; 22.05; 17.96; 14.68; 12.09; 10.00; 8.31; 6.94

Connecting pressure transducer

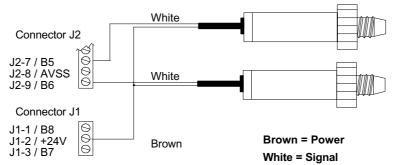
If your unit includes pressure probes, connect them to terminals B5 and B6 asshown in the diagram below.

Transducer - interface connection

Series 21 / 22 Delivery side (Alternative)



ALCO PT1-30A 0712526 Code SPK30000000



Connect the transducers directly to the interface





IMPORTANT:



Set the 4-20 mA configuration by placing the jumper of connectors J14 (referring to B5) and J15 (referring to B6) as indicated in the figure on the left.

In case of errors in the reading of these probe check:

- that analogue inputs accept 4 ÷ 20 mA signal (see figure)
- that the limits of the set probes correspond to the actual probes
- that the correct connection to hold pressure

By measuring voltage at terminals Bn and AVSS you can abtain the probe signal current since the impedance of the input is 50 Ohm. The pressure value can be determined as follows:

$$P_{s} = \left(\frac{V_{m}}{R} - 0.004\right) \times \frac{Fs_{max} - Fs_{min}}{0.016} + Fs_{min}$$

P_s pressure value (bar)

V_m voltage measure (V)

R Input impedance (Ohm)

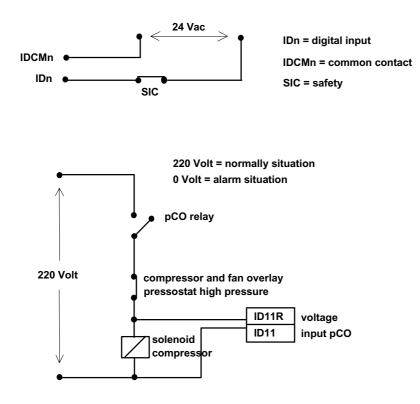
 Fs_{max} , Fs_{min} high and low probe limits (bar) (default McQuay = 0 - 30)





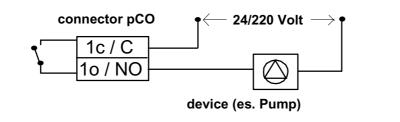
Connection to the tension digital inputs

Connect the 24 Vac digital inputs (or 220 Vac on terminals ID11 and ID12) as shown below:



When pCO's relay enabling the compressor's functioning is closed and that relative to the high pressure pressurestat is open, the 'high pressur alarm' will be detected through the 220 Volt input.

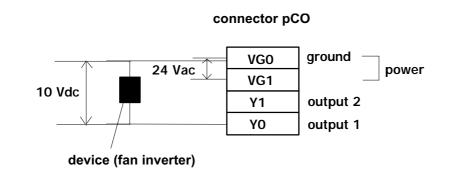








Connecting the analogue outputs



The figure above shows pCO's analogue outputs connections. Power terminals VG0 and VG1 by 24 Vac.

If the device connected to pCO is powered by 24 Vac, it is recommended to power also terminals VG0 and VG1 or draw power supply from terminals G0 and G on pCO card. Connect all devices (inverter, valves, etc.) either between terminals VG0 and Y0 or between VG0 and Y1. As for the fans inverter, connect it between terminals VG0 and Y0 (see figure above).





The program

General description

This application program has been designed to control a chiller or a heat pump equipped with max. 2 compressors.

The program controls the water temperature of the system keeping it within the limits set by the User. Each circuit controls and regulates:

- one compressor;

- one capacity-controlled routine;
- two condensation-removal fans;

- one electrovalve necessary to reverse the refrigeration cycle (winter/summer) and to perform defrosting cycles.

The temperature control is based on a Proportional or Proportional + Integral regulation logic, depending on the User's actual application requirements.

A series of special settings allow you to ensure long life to the compressors through dedicated alarms (circuit breakers and pressurestat interventions) and times management (including: minimum On routine of the compressor, time-interval between two consecutive On routines, time-interval between On routines of different compressors).

The most important parameters (set-point, alarm thresholds, alarms) can be displayed (lcd 4 x 20) and modified via keypad according to the User's requirements.

12 digital inputs - connected to mechanical/electrical external alarm sensors - are meant to detect any off-normal condition forcing, if necessary, the controlled device to stop.

In the event of abnormal working conditions, the operating personnel will be alerted by a red led indicator placed below the ALARM button and by the buzzer. The display will also show which type of off-normal condition has occurred.

Alarm and temperature masks can be freely accessed whereas ALL SELECTION MAKS CAN BE ACCESSED ONLY BY A SECRET KEY WORD KNOWN ONLY BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

The key words are:

0003 MAINTENANCE (QUALIFIED OPERATOR)

0018 ASSISTANCE (SERVICE)

XXXX MANUFACTURER (FACTORY)

In this way you will be allowed to enter special fields where you will set the most important working parameters such as number of compressors, time-intervals, set-points, etc.).

One of the protected sections will permit you to initialize pCO with factory-set parameters so as to make the configuration procedure even easier and faster.

This program application also allows network connections into supervisory or telemaintenance services so as to ensure the remote control and management of the entire installation and the optimization of maintenance procedures in the event of off-normal conditions.

Connection to a 80-colums serial printer allows you to get periodic printouts of any alarm occurred as well as reports of the values measured by the probes.





Initializing the software means to set a series of important parameters such as:

- number of compressors and fans
- control parameters (set-points, times, alarm thresholds, etc.)

All set data are permanently stored and retrieved any time pCO is turned ON.

The very first time pCO is turned ON, we recommend cancelling the original data since they might be unsuitable for your application requirements and then loading the factory-set parameters so as to make the initialization procedure fast and easy. Follow these indications:

- Turn pCO ON. After a few seconds the main mask MENU MASK will appear on the display. When starting pCO the very first time, ignore any alarms since they probably result from incorrect data.
- Press MENU + PRG simultaneously.
 Now you have to digit the manufacturer password¹, necessary to prevent unauthorized access to the operational parameters (configuration section).
- Digit the correct password. After that a menu mask with 4 options will be displayed. Press first 'Down' then 'Enter' to access the Initialization mask whereby you can set the entire range of factory-set parameters (standard configuration for refrigeration units).

If some standard values do not suit your application requirements, you can simply change them by entering the dedicated selection mask/s.

¹MANUFACTURER password "XXXX" . We recommend keeping the password secret so as to prevent unauthorised access to the operational parameters.

The Manufacturer password can be used when performing preliminary operations and any time you do not manage to gain access to the configuration mask by the SERVICE password.





Configuration Guide

Number of compressors

The factory-set number of compressors to be controlled is one (default value). Should your unit comprise two compressors, enter the protected mask (via manufacturer password, see section about masks below) and change the default parameter.

The system can control up to 2 compressors (max.) plus their relative capacity-controlled routines.

The capacity-controlled routine can be operated according to two different modes:

- DWM COPELAND logic: the capacity-controlled routine occurs when the output is closed;

- FEDDERS logic: the capacity-controlled routine occurs when the output is open.

Number of fans

pCO manages 2 fans, one per circuit. The fans will be operated on the basis of the controller's functioning mode, that is Winter or Summer:

Summer functioning mode:

Fans are operated according to the HIGH PRESSURE values measured by the pressure transducers. If there are no pressure probes, the fans' activation will depend on the relative compressors (fan on when compressor on and vice versa).

Winter functioning mode:

Fans and compressors will be activated and stopped at the same time. During a defrosting cycle the fan of the circuit undergoing defrosting will be stopped.

In the event of circuit breakers (fan/flowmeter circuit breaker, etc.) the fans will be stopped immediately.

Optional devices

You can enhance the functions of the pCO controller by adding a series of optional devices (RS422 serial card, printer cable, clock card) that can be enabled by simply acting on the dedicated masks.

The RS422 card interfaces pCO to a supervisory network that can receive all data and alarms from pCO.

A dedicated cable will allow you to connect pCO to an external printer.

Depending on the option selected, you will have to set in the dedicated masks time and date (to enable the clock card) or pCO's identification number (so as to address messages correctly when the controller is network-connected into a supervisory/telemaintenance system by means of the RS422 card).

You can get periodic or immediate printouts of the values measured by the probes; in the event of off-normal conditions, the relative alarm will be immediately printed.





Use guide

Status of the system

The system can be ON, OFF or in the MANUAL functioning mode. To turn ON the chiller or heat pump and consequently start the regulation process, follow these indications:

- press the ON button (led indicator ON);
- be sure that the daily or weekly time-zones control action has been enabled;
- for remote on/off be sure that digital input no. 1 is closed;
- be sure that in case of network connection to a supervisory unit the two units are correctly connected;
- the unit must not be in the manual functioning mode;
- there must be NO alarm conditions (eg. flowmeter alarm).

If all these conditions occur, the green led will light up.

When the system is ON, compressors and fans will be operated on the basis of the values measured by the temperature and pressure transducers.

If one of the above conditions does not occur, the unit will remain in the OFF status.

The display and the ON led indicator will inform the User of the status of the entire system: in particular, the last row of the main mask (which can be accessed by pressing the 'MENU' button) will show one of the following messages:

- Unit On

When the unit is On, all devices can be operated. The ON/OFF led indicator is On.

NOTE: On the MHP unit are available the terminals for connected a remote digital signal for control Summer/Winter: when tehe digital input number 2 is ON the unit is controlled SUMMER, when the digital input number 2 is OFF the unit is controlled WINTER.

To verify the distance of the remote digital contacts: the remote digital contacts are connected on the circuit 24 Vac and the power transformer installed is 50VA. The installation of auxiliary relay is the best solution.

It is raccomanded, however, to execute the following operations:

- 1) to stop the unit and to attend the stop of motor pump evaporator electrical relay
- 2) to change the function
- 3) to start the unit.

- Unit Off When the unit is Off, it is not possible to operate the connected devices. The ON/OFF led indicator is Off.

- Off status via supervisory unit



The controller's Off status has been forced by the supervisory pc. All connected devices can not be operated.

When in this status, the ON/OFF led indicator will flash; the controller can be turned on via supervisory pc or simply by pressing the ON button on the controller's keypad.

It will be possible to turn on the controller via supevisory pc only if the controller's ON led indicator is ON.

When the unit has been turned off by acting on the Off button (local Off), it will not be possible to turn it on again via external command (this ensures complete safety to the entire system).

- Off status determined by time-zones control action

The Off status has been determined by a time-zones control action.

When in this status, all connected devices can not be operated.

The ON/OFF led indicator is ON.

The unit will re-start as soon as the time-zone control action instructs the system to start again.

- Manual procedure

The manual procedure can be operated by selecting it on the dedicated mask ('maintenance loop' protected by the key word).

When the unit is on, the activation of the manual procedure forces the unit into the Off status; therefore it will be possible to operate all connected devices manually, with the exception of the temperature control and of any alarm condition. When in the manual procedure status, the ON led indicator flashes.

The manual procedure will be disenabled as soon as all the devices undergoing such a procedure are disenabled or simply by pressing the ON/OFF button.





Water temperature regulation

Water temperature can be regulated by means of a Proportional (P) or Proportional + Integral (P+I) control action, according to your specific application requirements.

PROPORTIONAL CONTROL:

since the set-point represents the ideal working condition, the pCO controller will operate its connected devices so as to reach the set-point in a proportional way, that is proportionally to the distance between the actual condition and the set-point.

The control action depends on the differential zone selected by the User:

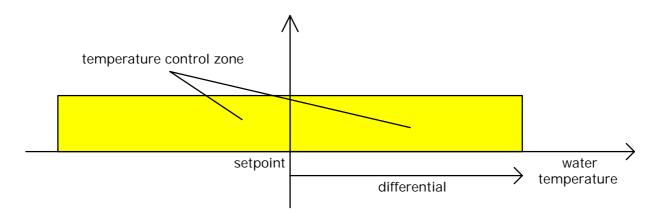
within this zone pCO will minimize the action of the connnected devices as the actual conditions get closer to the set-point and vice versa.

PROPORTIONAL + INTEGRAL CONTROL:

besides what performed by the proportional mode, the P+I control action will also rely on the 'time' factor. A time constant (in seconds) will determine the velocity with which the controller performs its actions (less seconds, higher velocity). Usual time constant = 600 seconds.

SET-POINT AND DIFFERENTIAL

SET-POINT	==>	selectable in °C; ideal working condition.
DIFFERENTIAL	==>	selectable in °C; indicates the working range of the controller.



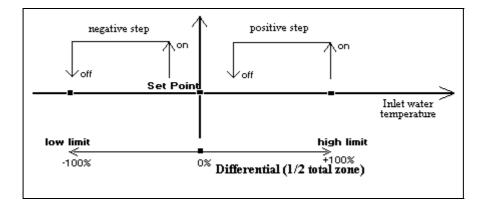
In the application shown in the figure above the set-point has been set so as to represent the **CENTRAL** point of the regulation zone.



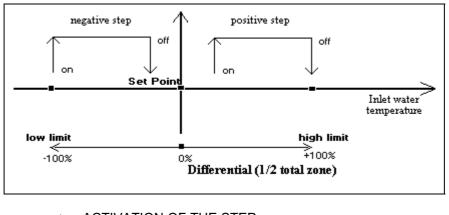


POSITION OF THE STEPS

STEPS POSITION - Summer Functioning Mode -



STEPS POSITION - Winter Functioning Mode -



on ===> ACTIVATION OF THE STEP off ===> DISACTIVATION OF THE STEP

In the SUMMER functioning mode the steps will activate when the temperature rises and disactivate when it falls.

In the WINTER functioning mode the steps will activate when the temperature falls and disactivate when it rises.

The steps' effect consists of moving the set-point to the left (SUMMER functioning mode) or to the right (WINTER functioning mode) so as to reach the ideal working condition (set-point).

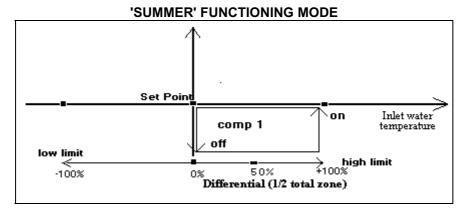


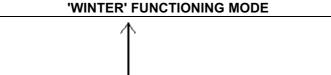


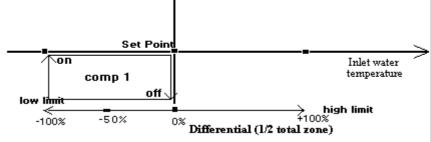
COMPRESSORS SET-POINT AND WORKING ZONE

The water temperature control action will be based on the selected set-point and differential. Depending on the selected devices, the following configurations will be possible:

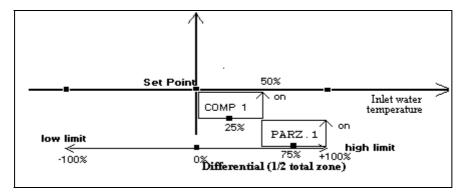
SINGLE COMPRESSOR UNIT WITHOUT CAPACITY-CONTROLLED ROUTINE







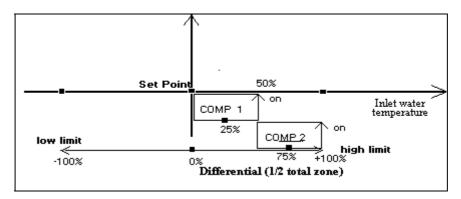
SINGLE COMPRESSOR UNIT WITH 1 CAPACITY-CONTROLLED STEP



Note: the example above refers to cooling applications ('Summer' functioning mode). For heating applications ('Winter' functioning mode), the steps will be positioned specularly with respect to the set-point.

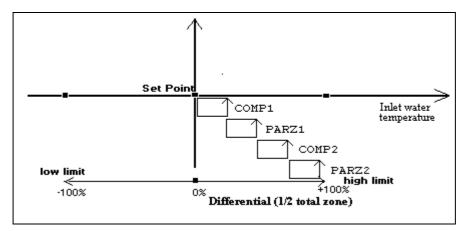


TWO-COMPRESSOR UNIT WITHOUT CAPACITY-CONTROLLED ROUTINE



Note: the example above refers to cooling applications (Summer mode). For heating applications (Winter mode), the steps will be positioned specularly with respect to the set-point.

TWO-COMPRESSOR UNIT WITH 1 CAPACITY-CONTROLLED ROUTINE PER COMPRESSOR



Note: the example above refers to cooling applications (Summer mode). For heating applications (Winter mode), the steps will be positioned specularly with respect to the set-point.

The best working condition is achieved when the unit manages to reach and keep the set-point value without operating any of the connected devices.

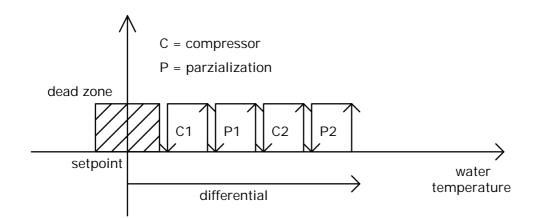
If the unit works as a heat pump, the compressors' position on the diagrams will be in the negative field of the proportional zone.

Important: the regulation of the water temperature will depend either on the water temperature probe at evaporator inlet or evaporator outlet, as required by the User.



It is also possible to set a dead (neutral) zone around the set-point permitting the compressors - as well as the fans when working in freecooling mode - to remain off.

In this way the steps of both fans and compressors will be moved on the right with respect to the selected dead zone. The example below shows the position of the steps after having selected a neutral zone around the set-point.



Note: the range of the dead zone must be inferior to the selected differential otherwise the connected devices will not activate.

Compressors start-up (with and without capacitycontrolled)

Any time the compressor is instructed to start, the relative contactor will energize and - depending on the value of the water temperature at evaporator inlet or outlet - the controller will:

- instruct the compressor to start;
- energize the LIQUID SOLENOID valve.
- the compressor will start.

Compressors shift

Selecting the compressors shift ensures longer life to the compressors. This procedure, in fact, makes them work in a very balanced way and compensates the number of their on/off routines as well as their working hours.

The shift is based on a F.I.F.O. logic: the first compressor that starts will be the first to be stopped.

At the very beginning this logic might cause an unbalanced compressors management but the system will gradually settle.

Upon a call for compressor start-up, the logic will be as follows:

- the compressor that has been Off for the longest time-interval will be the first to start;

- the first compressor that starts will be the first to be stopped;

- any compressor will start again only after all the other compressors have started once.

Capacity-controlled routines do not undergo shifts.





pCO also controls the working hours of the compressors.

Set the required value (default 10,000 hours) in the dedicated mask. When the compressors reach the set threshold an alarm message (indication only) prompting maintenance will be displayed.

It is possible to zero down the timer relative to each single compressor.

Reversing cycle electrovalves

These valves are used in units working as 'heat pumps' in order to pass from the Summer to the Winter functioning mode.

In the Winter mode the valve will be used when performing defrosting cycles so as to reverse the cycle, in this way:

- Summer mode electrovalve energizes
- Winter mode electrovalve disenergizes except when performing a defrosting cycle

Defrosting cycle

When the unit works as a heat pump the defrosting cycle will be performed in order to keep the evaporator in good conditions.

Defrosting cycles can be performed in two ways, depending on the input used by the Operator.

DEFROSTING BASED ON TWO PROBES

If your system comprises one probe per coil, you can operate defrostings in each circuit as well as simultaneous defrostings, depending on the system itself.

Independent defrostings

The defrosting cycle will be performed as soon as the temperature measured by the probe falls below the DEFROSTING SET-POINT while the compressor of the same circuit is On. There will be a time-delay (DELAY BEFORE PERFORMING A DEFROSTING CYCLE) at the end of which the cycle will take place. It will remain at this state untill:

- the cycle's time exceeds MAX TIME OF DEFROST
- temperature exceeds SET TEMPERATURE END DEFROSTING
- pressure exceeds SET PRESSURE END DEFROSTING.

The defrosting parameters to be set are the following:

- set-point at which you want a defrosting cycle to occur;
- end-defrosting set-point temperature;
- end-defrosting set-point pressure;
- time-delay before performing the defrosting cycle;





- max. duration of the cycle.

When the defrosting cycle begins, the following conditions will occur:

- the compressor stops;
- reversing cycle valve energizes;
- low pressure pressurestat bypassed during the entire defrosting cycle;
- all fans relative to the circuit undergoing the defrosting cycle will be stopped
- the compressor starts again.

When the defrosting cycle is over:

- the compressor stops;
- the reversing cycle valve energizes;
- the low pressure pressurestat will resume its control action;
- the fans will start again

- the compressor starts again.

Simultaneous defrosting cycles

The two circuits will undergo a defrosting cycle simultaneously as soon as the temperature measured by one of the two probes falls below the start-defrosting set-point for a 't' time depending on the time-delay before defrosting previously selected by the User.

The defrosting cycle will end when the temperature rises above the selected end-defrosting setpoint.

Two situations can occur:

- the temperature of one of the two circuits rises above the end-defrosting set-point: in this case the compressor of that circuit is forced into a stand-by mode until the defrosting cycle of the other circuit ends.
- the temperature of one of the two circuits is above the end-defrosting set-point; in this case only one circuit will undergo the defrosting procedure. Should the temperature of the first circuit fall below the end-defrosting set-point, the defrosting cycle will not take place and the relative compressor will remain in a stand-by mode until the other active defrosting cycle (that of the second circuit) ends.

Defrost procedure activate is signaled on display's principal mask through the following simbols:

- * Defrosting procedure active on 1° circuit
- ** Defrosting procedure active on 2° circuit

Electropump

The electropump functioning is prior to any other device.

The pump is forced into the On status as soon as the unit is switched on.

The pump will then be stopped a certain 't' time after the unit has been switched off (selectable time-interval before stopping the pump).

In the event of pump lockout due to alarm conditions, the unit is forced into the Off status; the compressors will perform the PUMP-DOWN procedure - if previously selected - otherwise they will be stopped in the usual way.





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Should the water temperature fall below safety values while the pump-down procedure is being performed and the pump is in stand-by, the relative ANTIFREEZE alarm will interrupt the pump-down procedure and stop the compressors.

Alarm stopping the pump and forcing the unit into the Off status is flowmeter alarm; This alarm will appear also when the unit is working in the manaual mode.





Fans and fans inverter

The regulation of the coolant condensation temperature will be performed by a series of fans placed on the condensing coil.

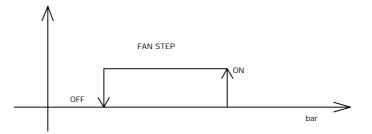
There are two digital outputs (one for circuit) (MHP) or four digital outputs (two for circuit) dedicated to the fans.

The fans will be operated by pCO on the basis of the HIGH PRESSURE values measured by the pressure transducers when the unit is working in the Summer functioning mode.

If the system has no pressure probes, the fans will be operated according to the relative compressor (compressors and fans of the same circuit will be started and stopped at the same time).

When the unit works as 'heat pump', fans and compressors of the same circuit will be always operated and stopped simultaneously.

It is possible to select the fans' regulation steps on the basis of the pressure values measured by the transducers (manufacturer password/global parameters). Set the start and stop values as shown in the diagram below:



During the defrosting cycle the fans relative to the circuit undergoing such a procedure will be forced into the Off status.

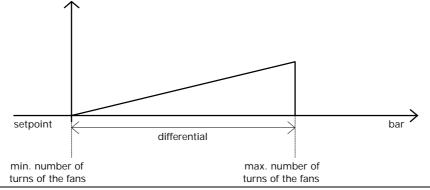
NUMBER OF TURNS OF THE FANS

The number of turns of the fans can be adjusted by means of an external inverter (through pCO's dedicated analogue output).

The number of turns depends on the 1st pressure probe if there is just one compressor; if your system comprises two circuits and consequently two compressors it is the relative probe of circuit that will determine the number of turns of all the connected fans.

Select pressure set-point and differential zone (manufacturer password/global parameters) to determine the min. and max. number of turns of the fans.

It is possible to select the LOW NOISE mode: with that you can choose the value that the output inverter's signal is cut.

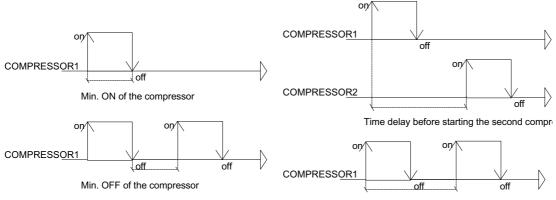






Most of pCO's control actions will be performed according to programmable time-delays (eg. time-delay before the activation of compressors or of certain alarms so as to ensure longer life to the compressors themselves and a well-balanced system management).

- pCO allows you to set the following time-intervals:
- time-delay before starting the second compressor so as to avoid high absorption at start-up (def.10 sec.);
- minimum ON routine of the compressor (def. 60 sec.);
- minimum OFF routine of the compressor (also after the unit has been switched off via keypad, def. 180 sec.);
- time-delay between two consecutive ON routines of the same compressor to limit the number of starting routines per hour (def. 360 sec.);
- time-delay between the compressor start-up and its capacity-controlled routine or between two capacity-controlled routines (def. 360 sec.);
- time-delay before activating the oil differential pressurestat alarm (def. 120 seconds);
- time-delay before the activation of the flowmeter alarm during normal activity (def. 3 sec.);
- time-delay before the activation of the flowmeter alarm at start-up (def. 10 sec.);
- time-delay before stopping the electropump after the unit has been switched off (def. 20 sec.);
- time-delay before the intervention of the low pressure pressurestat (def. 40 sec.);
- max. pump-down time (def. 20 seconds);
- max. defrosting time (def. 60 minutes);
- defrosting starting time (def. 30 minutes).



Time delay between two consecutive ON of the

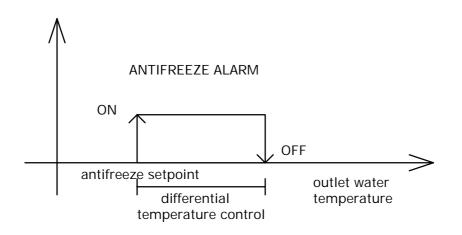




Antifreeze procedure

The antifreeze procedure is activated only in the Summer functioning mode.

The antifreeze alarm stops all the connected devices except the electropump. The antifreeze control action depends on the temperature values measured at the evaporator outlet. When the temperature falls below the previously selected antifreeze set-point the alarm will persist until the temperature rises and reaches a value higher than set-point + differential (Summer differential).



Low pressure pressurestat

FUNCTIONING LOGIC:

open contact ====>		LOW PRESSURE CONDITIONS
closed contact	====>	NORMAL PRESSURE CONDITIONS

The digital contact relative to the LOW PRESSURE pressurestat is used to detect any LOW pressure condition in the system (pressurestat contact OPEN while the compressor is normally running).

There is a specific alarm procedure: if Automatic Reset Low Pressure Alarm happens a number of time equal to programable number (def. 3) in programable time interval (def. 60 min.), then Manual Reset Low Pressure Alarm occurs.

The pressurestat alarm is ignored for a 't' programmable time-interval (def. 40 sec.) so as to allow the system to reach normal pressure conditions.

When the unit works as 'heat pump' and a defrosting cycle is being performed, any low pressure pressurestat indication will be ignored.

Each circuit is equipped with a LOW PRESSURE pressurestat.





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Double Setpoint

In case of only chiller unit it is possible to select "double setpoint" function. Pressing SET button you can set up two water temperature's values and select them through switch (closed contact = Setpoint n°1, open contact = Setpoint n°2). It is possible to see the actual running setpoint in the SETPOINT loop.

Time-zones

The time-zone control action proves to be an extremely useful option allowing pCO to work with a lower set-point during certain periods of the day and above all during the night, so as to avoid wasting energy.

pCO has programmable time-zones. All you have to do is just set them (hour and minutes) and their relative set-points.

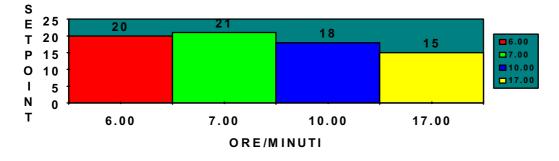
The table below shows the working logic of a time-zone control action.

Eg:

TIME	SETP.	EFFECT
06:00	20 °C	from 06:00 to 07:00 setpoint = 20 °C
07:00	21 °C	from 07:00 to 10:00 setpoint = 21 °C
10:00	18 °C	from 10:00 to 17:00 setpoint = 18 °C
17:00	15 °C	from 17:00 to 6:00 setpoint = 15 °C

In order to benefit the advantages of a time-zones control action, it is necessary to equip pCO with a clock card.

You can program up to 4 time-zones. Should you need less than 4, it is necessary to give the unused time-zones the same values.



The table below shows RIGHT and WRONG settings when using only TWO time-zones.

WRONG SETTING		RIGH	IT SETTING
HOUR/MIN.	SETPOINT	HOUR/MIN.	SETPOINT
07:30	10 °C	07:30	10 °C
00:00	0	17:00	15 °C
00:00	0	17:00	15 °C





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17.00	15 °C	17.00	15 °C
17:00	15 0	17:00	15 0

With 4 time-zones you can set 8 different set-points: one for the Winter, the other for the Summer mode, that is, two for each single time-zone.

In addition to daily time-zones with set-point variation you can choose other two options allowing you to turn on and off the unit as follows:

- daily time-zones: eg. turn the unit on at 8:00 and off at 17:00

- weekly time-zones: eg. turn on the unit on Monday and off on Saturday





Supervisor

The table below shows the variables transmitted to the supervisory pc when the pCO controller is connected to it.

VARIABLE	TYPE	IN/OUT
Status of the electropump	Digital	On display
Status of compressor no. 1/2	Digital	On display
Status of capacity-controlled routine no. 1/2	Digital	On display
Status of the reversing cycle valve no. 1/	Digital	On display
General alarm	Digital	On display
Eeprom damaged: alarm	Digital	On display
Alarm: clock card broken or disconnected	Digital	On display
Antifreeze thermostat alarm	Digital	On display
Alarm: electropump circuit breaker	Digital	On display
Flowmeter alarm	Digital	On display
Alarm: high pressure pressurestat circuit no. 1/2	Digital	On display
Alarm: circuit breaker compressor no. 1/2	Digital	On display
Alarm: circuit breaker fan no. 1/2	Digital	On display
Alarm: oil differential pressurestat compressor no. 1/2	Digital	On display
Summer functioning mode	Digital	On display
Winter functioning mode	Digital	On display
Simultaneous defrostings	Digital	Selectable
Interlock alarm	Digital	On display
Alarm: low pressure pressurestat circuit no. 1/2	Digital	On display
Alarm: high pressure circuit no. 1/2	Digital	On display
Alarm: exceeded low temperature threshold at evaporator outlet	Digital	On display
Alarm: exceeded high temperature threshold at evaporator inlet	Digital	On display
Alarm: exceeded low temperature threshold at evaporator inlet	Digital	On display
Alarm: request for maintenance compressor no. 1/2	Digital	On display
Status of the unit (on/off)	Digital	Selectable
Status of fans circuit no. 1/2	Digital	On display
Alarm: inlet water temperature probe damaged	Digital	On display
Alarm: temperature probe circuit no. 1/2 damaged	Digital	On display
Alarm: external air temperature probe damaged	Digital	On display
Autostart (after a black-out)	Digital	Selectable
Compressors shift	Digital	Selectable
Capacity-controlled routines	Digital	On display
Clock card	Digital	Selectable
Weekly on/off time-zones	Digital	Selectable
Daily on/off time-zones	Digital	Selectable
Daily time-zones with set-point variation	Digital	Selectable
Alarm: outlet water temperature probe damaged	Digital	On display
Alarm: pressure probe circuit no. 1/2 damaged	Digital	On display
Control probe	Digital	On display
Type of control action	Digital	Selectable
Compressors off routine during defrosting	Digital	Selectable
Compressors off only at defrosting start-up	Digital	Selectable
Pumpdown	Digital	Selectable
Fans	Digital	Selectable





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VARIABLE	TYPE	IN/OUT
Alarm: general maintenance required	Digital	On display
Water temperature at evaporator outlet	Analogue	On display
Water temperature at evaporator inlet	Analogue	On display
Pressure circuit no. 1/2	Analogue	On display
Summer water temperature set-point	Analogue	Selectable
Summer temperature zone	Analogue	Selectable
Winter water temperature set-point	Analogue	Selectable
Winter temperature zone	Analogue	Selectable
High pressure threshold	Analogue	Selectable
Antifreeze threshold	Analogue	Selectable
Summer high temperature threshold at evaporator inlet	Analogue	Selectable
Summer low water temperature threshold at evaporator inlet	Analogue	Selectable
Winter high temperature threshold at evaporator inlet	Analogue	Selectable
Winter low water temperature threshold at evaporator inlet	Analogue	Selectable
Start-defrosting set-point	Analogue	Selectable
End-defrosting set-point	Analogue	Selectable
Coil temperature circuit no. 1/2	Analogue	On display
External air temperature	Analogue	On display
Water temperature set-point of 1st Winter time-zone	Analogue	Selectable
Water temperature set-point of 2nd Winter time-zone	Analogue	Selectable
Water temperature set-point of 3rd Winter time-zone	Analogue	Selectable
Water temperature set-point of 4th Winter time-zone	Analogue	Selectable
Water temperature set-point of 4th Winter time-zone	Analogue	Selectable
Water temperature set-point of 1st Summer time-zone	Analogue	Selectable
• •	v	Selectable
Water temperature set-point of 3rd Summer time-zone	Analogue	
Nater temperature set-point of 4th Summer time-zone	Analogue	Selectable
Water temperature set-point	Analogue	On display
Inverter output	Analogue	On display
Dead-zone differential around the set-point	Analogue	Selectable
Eans starting point	Analogue	Selectable
Fans stopping point	Analogue	Selectable
nverter set-point	Analogue	Selectable
nverter differential	Analogue	Selectable
Working hours compressor no. 1/2	Integer	On display
Time-delay before oil differential alarm	Integer	On display
Time-delay before inlet water high temperature alarm	Integer	Selectable
Max. defrosting time	Integer	Selectable
Defrosting starting time	Integer	Selectable
Time-delay before interlock alarm	Integer	Selectable
Time-delay before low pressure pressurestat alarm	Integer	Selectable
Time-delay before flowmeter alarm during normal functioning	Integer	Selectable
Time-delay before flowmeter alarm at start-up	Integer	Selectable
Number of compressors	Integer	On display
Compressors threshold (hours)	Integer	Selectable
Current hour	Integer	On display
Current minutes	Integer	On display
Change current hour	Integer	Selectable
Change current minutes	Integer	Selectable
Current day	Integer	On display
Current month	Integer	On display
Change current day	Integer	Selectable





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VARIABLE	TYPE	IN/OUT
Change current month	Integer	Selectable
Year	Integer	Selectable
Time (hour) when starting the unit	Integer	Selectable
Minutes when starting the unit	Integer	Selectable
Time (hour) when turning off the unit	Integer	Selectable
Minutes when turning off the unit	Integer	Selectable
Day when turning on the unit	Integer	Selectable
Day when turning off the unit	Integer	Selectable
Hour of 1st time-zone with set-point variation	Integer	Selectable
Hour of 2nd time-zone with set-point variation	Integer	Selectable
Hour of 3rd time-zone with set-point variation	Integer	Selectable
Hour of 4th time-zone with set-point variation	Integer	Selectable
Minutes of 1st time-zone with set-point variation	Integer	Selectable
Minutes of 2nd time-zone with set-point variation	Integer	Selectable
Minutes of 3rd time-zone with set-point variation	Integer	Selectable
Minutes of 4th time-zone with set-point variation	Integer	Selectable
Integration time P+I regulation	Integer	Selectable
Time cyclic printout	Integer	Selectable
Unit timer threshold	Integer	Selectable
Min. time compressors Off routine	Integer	Selectable
Time-interval for compressors Off routine during defrosting	Integer	Selectable
Min. time compressors On routine	Integer	Selectable
Time-delay before capacity-controlled routines	Integer	Selectable
Min. time-interval between consecutive startings of the same compr.	Integer	Selectable
Min. time-interval between consecutive startings of different compr.	Integer	Selectable
Max. pumpdown time	Integer	Selectable
Time-delay before stopping the electropump	Integer	Selectable
Working hours of the unit	Integer	On display



Printout

Periodic or immediate printouts allow you to keep under control the entire system (connection to a 80 column serial printer).

In the event of alarm conditions the relative printout will report date and time of the off-normal condition.

MESSAGGE	ТҮРЕ
Pressure 2	Immediate or periodic
Pressure 1	Immediate or periodic
2nd Coil temperature	Immediate or periodic
1st Coil or external air temperature	Immediate or periodic
Outlet water temperature	Immediate or periodic
Inlet water temperature	Immediate or periodic
Set-point	Immediate or periodic
High pressure pressurestat no. 2	Alarm
Compressor no. 2 circuit breaker	Alarm
Fan no. 2 circuit breaker	Alarm
High pressure pressurestat no. 1	Alarm
Compressor no. 1 circuit breaker	Alarm
Fan no. 1 circuit breaker	Alarm
Electropump circuit breaker	Alarm
Flowmeter	Alarm
Antifreeze	Alarm
High pressure circuit no. 2	Alarm
High pressure circuit no. 1	Alarm
Low temperature at evaporator inlet	Alarm
High temperature at evaporator inlet	Alarm
Maintenance compressor no. 2	Alarm
Maintenance compressor no. 1	Alarm
Unit maintenance	Alarm
Low pressure pressurestat no. 2	Alarm
Low pressure pressurestat no. 1	Alarm
Oil differential no. 2	Alarm
Oil differential no. 1	Alarm
Interlock	Alarm
Pressure probe no. 2 broken or disconnected	Alarm
Pressure probe no. 1 broken or disconnected	Alarm
2nd coil probe broken or disconnected	Alarm
1st coil probe broken or disconnected	Alarm
Output probe broken or disconnected	Alarm
Input probe broken or disconnected	Alarm
Clock does not work	Alarm
Eeprom damaged	Alarm





Masks tree

The top left-hand corner on the display represents the HOME position.

You can read the masks loop by simply acting on pCO's keypad. For further information about the buttons, see 'Keypad' above.

The parameters in the masks below have been given default values.

MENU loop

MAIN MA	ASK	
00:00	00/00/94	SUM
Water	Tmp.	In
00.0°C		
Water	Tmp	.Out
00.0°C		
ALARM		

The mask above shows the value measured by the water temperature probes at evaporator inlet and outlet.

The first row indicates the current time and date if pCO is equipped with clock card as well as the controller's functioning mode (Summer or Winter).

The last row shows the status of the unit (On, Off, manual mode, off from supervisor, off from time-zones control action).

In the event of off-normal condition, the indication on the 4th row will be replaced by a flashing message: 'ACTIVE ALARM'.

MAINTENANCE loop

M_VIS_TIMER	
Operating hours	5
Unit	
00000	
Compressor	1
00000	
Compressor 2	00000

M_VIS_START UP NO. Number of Start Up: Compressor 1 00000 Compressor 2 00000



0018

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McQuc

Μ_	PASS	S_MAN
Er	nter	Maintenance

Right Password

Password

· ·		TIMER	
М	aint	.Hour	Threshold
U	nit		20000
С	ompr	essors	s 10000

M_RS_TIMER

Req.Reset H	lour	Meter
Unit		Ν
Compressor	1	N
Compressor	2	Ν

M_RS_STARTUP_NO	
Req.Reset Start	Up
Compressor 1	Ν
Compressor 2	Ν

M_CALIBRATION1

Probe A	djust		
Water I	n	0.0	°C
Water C	Dut	0.0	°C
Pack 1		0.0	°C

M_CALIBRATION2

Probe Adjust		
Pack 2	0.0	°C
Pressure 1		0.0
bar		
Pressure 2	0.0	bar

M_MANUAL1

Manual Procedure	
Elect.Driven Pump	Ν
Compressor 1	Ν
Compressor 2	Ν

M MANUAL2

Manual Procedure			
Capacity Step 1	N		
Fan 1º/Circuit 1	N		
Fan 2°/Circuit 1	<4Way1>	(MHP)	Ν

M_MANUAL3

Manual Procedure			
Capacity Step 2	N		
Fan 1º/Circuit 2	N		
Fan 2º/Circuit 2	<4Way2>	(MHP)	Ν

M_PASS_MAINT

Enter New Maintenance Password 0018





Press the Maintenance button to access the mask where you can display the working hours of the unit and of each single compressor and the start up's number of each compressor.

After having inserted the maintenance password (0018) you can access the following masks loops where you can:

- select the timer threshold for the unit and for the compressors. When such a threshold is exceeded, the relative alarm prompting maintenance will appear;
- use the mask M_RS_TIMER to zero down the working hours of unit and compressors;
- calibrate the connected probes;
- select the manual procedure. The electropump is always the first device to be started. The other two masks in the manual procedure loop allow you to set capacity-controlled routines, fans and reversing cycle valve in the manual mode relatively to circuit no. 1 and no. 2.

When selecting the manual procedure, the ON/OFF button on the keypad will flash.

• the last mask gives you the possibility of changing the maintenance password.

PRINTER loop

M PRINTER Cyclic Print 24 h Immediate Print of Report Unity N

The mask above will appear only if pCo has been connected to a serial printer.

You can set the exact time you wish to get a printout of the main parameters (see list above) as well as immediate printouts of the same parameters.

In the event of off-normal condition the relative alarm message including type of alarm, date and time, will be immediately printed.

I/O loop

M_SYNOPTIC1

Water Temperature	
Evap.	Inlet
00.0°C	
Evap.	Outlet
00.0°C	

M_SYNOPTIC2	
Temperature Probe	
Pack	1
00.0°C	
Pack	2
00.0°C	

M_SYNOPTIC3







McQi

Pressure Transducer
Circuit 1 00.0
bar
Circuit 2 00.0
bar
M SYNOPTIC3b
COMPRESSOR 1
Auto On
COMPRESSOR 2
Auto On
M SYNOPTIC3c
CAPACITY STATUS
Circuit 1 100%
Circuit 2 50%
M_SYNOPTIC4
Digital Inputs
State (112)
CCCCCCCCCCC
M SYNOPTIC5
_ Inverter Output
Value 00.0
Volt
M SVNODTICE
M_SYNOPTIC6
Digital Outputs State (113) :

The I/O loop displays the status of all analogue and digital inputs and outputs:

- value measured by the water temperature probes at evaporator inlet and outlet;
- either value measured by the coil temperature probes when the defrosting is based on two probes or value measured by the external air temperature probe;
- value measured by the pressure transducers;
- compressor status (Auto On, Auto Off and Manual Off);
- load status for each compressor (0%, 50%, 100%);
- display of the status of digital inputs numbered 1 to 12;
- value of the analogue output dedicated to the fans inverter;
- display of the status of digital outputs numbered 1 to 13. The 8th output is indicated with an 'x' because it is not managed by pCO.

The probes that have not been selected in the manufacturer branch will not be displayed.





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CLOCK loop

REG_CLOC	K_US
Clock &	Date
Setting	
Time	00:00
Date	00/00/1994

WEEKLY_TIME-ZONES Time Zone Selection Unit On/Off Weekly N Daily N

WEEKLY1_TZ

Week	ly Tim	e Zone
Unit	On at	Sun
Unit	Off a	t Sun





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WEEKLY2 TZ
Daily Time Zone
Unit On at
00:00
Unit Off at 00:00
00.00
TIV TT
DAILY_TZ Daily Time Zone
with Setpoint
Variation Setting
N
DAILY1_TZ
First Time Zone
Start at 00:00 h
N Winter Set
45.0°C
Summer Set 12.0°C
DAILY2 TZ
Second Time Zone
Start at 00:00
h
Winter Set 45.0°C
Summer Set 12.0°C
DAILY3_TZ Third Time Zone
Start at 00:00
h
Winter Set
45.0°C
Summer Set 12.0°C
DAILY4_TZ
Fourth Time Zone
Start at 00:00
h Winter Set
45.0°C
Summer Set 12.0°C
·

The first mask appearing after having pressed the CLOCK button is a mask where you can select the presence of the clock card itself and set the current time and date.

If the card is not present but has been selected or has been badly connected or is damaged, the realtive alarm will appear on the display.

Time-Zones masks can be accessed only if the controller is complete with clock card.

In the masks loop shown above you will have to set the following parameters:

- weekly and daily time-zones permitting the automatic ON/OFF of the unit at set times and days;
- days in which the unit must be switched on and off (this mask will be displayed only if the weekly time-zone mask has been previously enabled);





- ON/OFF time (this mask will be displayed only if the daily on/off mask has been previously enabled);
- daily time-zones with set-point variation;
- time, Winter and Summer set-points relative to the first daily time-zone with set-point variation;
- time, Winter and Summer set-points relative to the second daily time-zone with set-point variation;
- time, Winter and Summer set-points relative to the third daily time-zone with set-point variation;
- time, Winter and Summer set-points relative to the fourth daily time-zone with set-point variation;

SET-POINT loop

M VIS SETPOINT

Temperature Setpoint Adjustement with Time Zones Present 12.0°C

M_SETPOINT	
Temperature	
Setpoint	
Adjustement	
Winter	
45.0°C	
Summer	12.0°C

The Set-point masks loop allows you to display the temperature set-point with daily time-zones and set-point variation.

If the time-zones control has not been enabled, pressing the SET button allows you to access directly the M_SETPOINT mask where you can select the values of Winter and Summer setpoints.

INFO loop

M_VERSION CHILLER + HEAT PUMP Standard mCqUAY PCo ver 2.9 25/10/99

TEST Final Test 00/00/0000





The INFO masks display the date and version of the eeprom (first mask). In the second mask you can set the time of the test.

USER PROGRAM loop

M USER PASS

Enter	the	User
Passwo	ord	
		0003
Right	Pass	sword

PARAMETERS_US1

Winter Temperature		
Setpoint Limit		
Minimum		
35.0°C		
Maximum	50.0°C	

PARAMETERS_US2

Summer Temperature		
Setpoint Limit		
Minimum		
05.0°C		
Maximum	20.0°C	

PARAMETERS_US3

Temperature	Band	
Adjustement		
Winter		
03.0°C		
Summer	03.	.0°C

PARAMETERS_US4

Dead	Zone	Adjust.	
Tempe	eratui	re	
00.00	С		
Probe	e Used	l for	
Contr	rol	INPUT	

PARAMETERS_US5

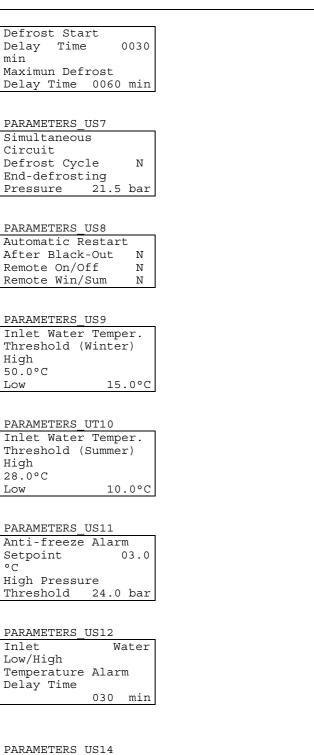
Defrost Start	
Setpoint	-
02.0°C	
Defrost End	
Setpoint	14.0°C

PARAMETERS_US6



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MCQ



Identification Numb. for Supervisory SystemNetwork 00

PARAMETERS_US15



Enter New User Password 0003

Press the 'PRG' button to access the User masks loop.

Then introduce the password (0003) and press the 'DOWN' button to access the following masks where you can:

- set the lower and upper Winter set-point;
- set the lower and upper Summer set-point;
- set the winter/summer temperature working zone;
- set the temperature dead-zone around the set-point;
- select the type of probe used: temperature probes at evaporator inlet or outlet;
- set the start-defrosting temperature value (set-point);
- set the end-defrosting temperature value (set-point);
- Important: this value is not required if end-defrosting depends on the pressurestat (unit equipped with only one probe);
- set the time beyond which the temperature must remain below the start-defrosting set-point and the compressor of that circuit must be started before a defrosting cycle;
- set the max. time of the defrosting cycles relative to the two circuits;
- set simultaneous defrostings;
- set end defrosting pressure;
- select automatic start-up after a power failure condition while the unit is On;
- select remote on/off (digital input and/or supervisory pc);
- select the remote switch for summer/winter functioning modes (in this case the winter/summer buttons on the front panel keypad will be disenabled);
- set low and high water temperature thresholds at evaporator inlet (winter mode);
- set low and high water temperature thresholds at evaporator inlet (summer mode);
- set antifreeze value (set-point). When the water temperature at the evaporator outlet falls below the antifreeze set-point, the relative alarm will be displayed;
- set high pressure thrshold to be detected by the pressure transducers;
- set a time-delay before activating the high/low water temperature alarm (respectively in summer and winter modes) at evaporator inlet;
- give the unit a specific address when it is network-connected into a supervisory system;
- set a different User keyword.

MANUFACTURER PROGRAM loop

M_MANUF_PASS	
Enter Manufacturer	
Password	
xxxx	
Right Password	
MANUFAC_MENU	CON
Unit Configuration	Cl
Compressors	Pr
Global Parameter	Su

Unit Initializat

CONFIG_COS1	
Clock Board	Ν
Printer Present	Ν
Supervisor	Ν
Clock Board Printer Present Supervisor Part. Logic DWM	.COP

CONFIG_COS2





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Enter Compressors	
Number	1
Partial. Comp.	Ν
Fan Enable	Y

CONFIG_COS3

Inlet	Water	Temper.
Probe	Preser	nt Y
Outlet	: Water	Temper.
Probe	Preser	nt Y Temper. nt Y

CONFIG_COS4

Pack 1 Probe	
Present	Ν
Present Pack 2 Probe	
Present	N

CONFIG_COS5

Pressure	1	Probe	
Present			S
Pressure	2	Probe	
Present			S

CONFIG_COS6

Pressure Probes			
Full Scale	9		
Minimum	00.0	bar	
Maximum	30.0	bar	

COMPRESSOR_COS1

Compressor	Turn Off
Min. Time	0180 sec
Compressor	Turn On
Min. Time	0060 sec

COMPRESSOR_COS2

Time	Between	ı Staı	rts
Same	Comp.	0360	sec
Time	Between	ı Stai	rts
Diff.	. Comp.	0010	sec

COMPRESSOR_COS3

Capacity Step Delay Time	
010	sec

COMPRESSOR_COS4

Rotation	Enable	Y
Pumpdown	Enable	Ν
Pumpdown	Maximun	
Time		sec

COMPRESSOR_COS5





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Compres. on Defros Only Star Off Time	Stop	Ena	able
on Defros	st		Ν
Only Star	rt De:	fr.	Ν
Off Time	(010	sec

COMPRESSOR_COS6

Defrost	Start by	
Ambient	Air	
Ambient Probe &	Stop by	
Pressost	at	Ν

PARAMETERS_COS1

Temperatu	ire Control
Туре	P
Integrat.	Time On
Control H	2+I 600 sec

PARAMETERS_COS2

Motor-Driven Pump
Off Delay Time 20sec
Differential capacity
Step 1.0 bar

PARAMETERS_COS3

Low Pressure Alarm Delay Time 0040 sec. Oil Differ. Alarm Delay Time 0120 sec

Max Time Reset Autom. Low Pressure 60 min N° Automatic Low Press. Alarms 3

PARAMETERS_COS4

Waterflow	Switch	
Delay wher	ı	
Working	003	sec
Delay wher Working Starting	010	sec

PARAMETERS_COS5

	Flow Switch?
(Pump	Switch off?)
_	Yes

PARAMETERS_COS6

Fans Manag	gement
1° step -	Point of
Insertion	13.0 bar
Disinser.	12.5 bar

PARAMETERS_COS6bis

Fans Manag	
2° step -	Point of
Insertion	15.0 bar
Disinser.	14.5 bar







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Inverter	Management
Setpoint Differen	12.5 bar
Differen	. 03.0 bar

PARAMETERS_COS	38
LOW NOISE Mod	e
Enable	Ν
Cut Off [V]	050%
Histeresis	1.0 bar

INITIALIZ_COS	
Entering Default	
Values	
OPERATION DONE	

CH_PASS_COS	
Setting New	
Manufacturer	
Password	XXXX

To access the above loop insert the manufacturer password, then press the 'Down' button. A 4-choice menu will then be displayed. Use the 'Up' and 'Down' buttons to select the masks you need, then press 'Enter' to confirm.

Menu:

1st row - Unit Configuration	CONFIG_COS1
2nd row - Compressors	COMPRESSOR_COS1
3rd row - Global Parameters	PARAMETERS_COS1
4th row - Unit Initialization	INITIALIZ_COS

Correspondence between masks and loops:

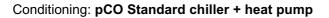
1st loop - CONFIG_COS1	CONFIG_COS2 / 6
2nd loop - COMPRESSOR_COS1	COMPRESSOR_COS2 / 5
3rd loop - PARAMETERS_COS1	PARAMETERS_COS2 / 7
4th loop - INITIALIZ_COS	CH_PASS_COS

Important: you can display at any time - from any mask listed above belonging to the 'manufacturer program' loop - the MANUFACT_MENU by simply pressing the 'MENU' button once. Press it twice if you want to return to the MAIN menu mask.

Parameters you can select in the 1st masks loop:

- clock card (if you select the clock card but it is not present or is damaged, the alarm message AL_19 will be displayed);
- connection to external serial printer;
- presence of the supervisory pc;
- capacity-controlled routines logic: either DWM COPELAND (capacity-controlled routine when output is closed) or FEDDERS (open output);





- number of compressors to be controlled;
- compressors capacity-controlled routines;
- water temperature probe at evaporator inlet;
- water temperature probe at evaporator outlet;
- temperature probe circuit no.1;
- temperature probe circuit no.2;
- pressure probe circuit no.1;
- pressure probe circuit no. 2;
- min. and max. values for pressure probes (when al least one probe is connected).

In the 2nd masks loop you can set all parameters concerning the compressors:

- min. time compressors' off;
- min. time compressors' on;
- min. time-interval between two consecutive On routines of the same compressor;
- min. time-interval between two On routines of different compressors;
- time-delay between two capacity-controlled routines or time-delay between a compressor's start-up and its capacity-controlled routine;
- compressors shift;
- pump-down procedure;
- max time pumpdown procedure (only if the procedure has been previosuly enabled);
- compressor off during defrosting;
- compressor off only when the defrosting cycle begins or at start/end defrosting (this parameter will be displayed only if the defrosting procedure has been previously enabled);
- time-interval relative to the compressor's off routine during defrosting (this parameter will be displayed only if the procedure has been previoulsy enabled);
- defrosting mode: depending on one or two probes (when using just one external air temperature probe the system also needs an end-defrosting pressurestat).

In the 3rd masks loop you can select the following parameters:

- type of regulation: Proportional or Proportional + Integral;
- integration time (when selecting a P+I regulation logic);
- time-delay before stopping the electropump after the unit has been turned off (unless there is an alarm condition);
- Differential capacity step when the pressure exceeds the high pressure threshold;
- time-delay before activating the low pressure pressurestat alarm when the compressor starts;
- time-delay before activating the oil differential pressurestat alarm when the compressor starts;
- Max time in which manual reset low pressure alarm can occur;
- Number of automatic reset low pressure alarms before manual alarm occurs;
- time-delay before the activation of the flowmeter alarm when the unit is working under steady conditions;
- time-delay before the activation of the flowmeter alarm when the electropump starts;
- pressure values determining the Start/Stop routines of the fans;
- inverter set-point and differential;
- selection of Low Noise mode.

The 4th masks loop allows you to perform the following operations:

- set factory-set values (this should be done when you start the unit the very first time and any time you change the unit eprom);
- set a new manufacturer keyword.





ALARMS loop

AL_1
Compr.Therm. Overload
Circuit 1

This mask refers to digital input no. 11 relative to compressor breakers of the 1st circuit. In this case the off-normal condition forces compressor no.1 and relative fan to stop.

AL_2
Compr.Therm. Overload
Circuit 2

This mask refers to digital input no. 12 relative to compressor breakers of the 2nd circuit. In this case the off-normal condition forces compressor no.2 and relative fan to stop.

AL_3	
Low Pressure	Switch
Circuit 1	
Manual Reset	

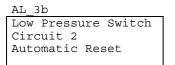
The low pressure condition in the 1st circuit forces compressor no. 1 to stop.

AL_3b Low Pressure Switch Circuit 1 Automatic Reset

The low pressure condition in the 1st circuit forces compressor no. 1 to stop; when the pressurestat switchs on the circuit starts up automatically. If pressurestat's contact is open, to start up the circuit you must open and close digital input contact no. 1.

AL 4 Low Pressure Switch Circuit 2 Manual Reset

The low pressure condition in the 2nd circuit forces compressor no. 2 to stop.

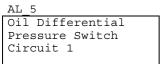


The low pressure condition in the 2nd circuit forces compressor no. 2 to stop; when the pressurestat switchs on the circuit starts up automatically. If pressurestat's contact is open, to start up the circuit you must open and close digital input contact no. 4.





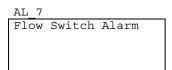
MCO



The oil differential off-normal condition in the 1st circuit forces compressor no. 1 to stop.

AL_6 Oil Differential Pressure Switch Circuit 2

The oil differential off-normal condition in the 2nd circuit forces compressor no. 2 to stop.



The flowmeter alarm forces the unit into the off status.

Alarm	
	Alarm

The antifreeze alarm (digital input or water temperature at evaporator outlet lower than the selected antifreeze threshold) forces the off status of all connected devices except the electropump.

The alarm condition will disappear as soon as the temperature rises and reaches a value higher than the antifreeze point + differential (proportional logic, Summer functioning mode).

AL 11 Evaporator Inlet Water High Temper. Threshold Exceeded Alarm

The value measured by the water temperature probe at evaporator inlet exceeds the high temperature threshold previously set.

AL_12 Evaporator Inlet Water Low Temper. Threshold Exceeded Alarm





The value measured by the water temperature probe at evaporator inlet exceeds the low temperature threshold previously set.

AL 13 Evap. Inlet Water Temperature Probe Broken or or not Connected

Out-of-range value measured by the water temperature probe at evaporator inlet. The probe might be damaged. This alarm forces the unit into the off status.

AL_14 Circuit 1 Coil Temperature Probe Broken or not Connected

This mask informs the Operator that:

- the temperature probe of the circuit pack no. 1 is either broken or disconnected;
- the external air temperature probe is either broken or disconnected (defrosting depending on only one probe).

AL_15
Circuit 2 Coil
Temperature Probe
Broken or
not Connected

This mask informs the Operator that the temperature probe of the circuit coil no. 2 is either broken or disconnected.

AL_16
Unit Running
Hours Threshold
Exceeded
Alarm

This alarm message alerts operating personnel that maintenance is required.

AL_17 Running Hours Threshold Exceeded Alarm Compressor 1

This alarm message alerts operating personnel that the first compressor requires maintenance.

AL_18 Running Hours Threshold Exceeded Alarm Compressor 2





This alarm message alerts operating personnel that the second compressor requires maintenance.

AL 19 Alarm Clock Card not Installed or not Working

Clock card selected but disconnected or broken.

AL 22 Alarm Eeprom Broken or Absent Call Assistence

The eeprom is damaged. Contact the nearest service centre.

AL_25 Circuit 1 Pressure Probe Broken Alarm

The pressure transducer of the 1st circuit detects out-of-range values. The probe may be broken.

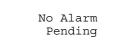
AL_26
Circuit 2
Pressure Probe
Broken Alarm

The pressure transducer of the 2nd circuit detects out-of-range values. The probe may be broken.

AL_27 Evap. Outlet Water Temperature Probe Broken or not Conn. Alarm

The water temperature probe at the evaporator outlet detects out-of-range values. The probe may be broken. This alarm forces the off status of the unit.

M_NO_ALARM



No active alarms.





Selectable parameters

IMPORTANT:

Default are engineering McQuay value for standard unit.

It is possible for some (setpoint, alarm threshold, differential, ecc.) are changed in factory test for specific customer demand.

Before to change the BB memory, to call McQuay Service and then change work parameter.

NOTE: PASSWORD: menu (2_): Service = 0018; menu (8_): Authorized Customer = 0003; menu (UC_, CS_, PS_): Factory Test = XXXX; menu (5_): Clock: only with optional ClockBoard.

Meaning	Default	Lower	Upper	Unit of
		Limit	Limit	Measure
Winter set-point	45.0		Upper limit	°C
			winter set-	
		point	p oint	
Summer set-point	12.0		Upper limit	°C
		summer	summer	
		set-point	set-point	
Setpoint n°1 (double set)	7.0		Upper limit	°C
		summer	summer set-point	
Setpoint n°2 (double set)	4.0	set-point Lower limit		°C
	4.0	summer	summer	C
		set-point	set-point	
Lower limit winter set-point	35.0	-50.0	50.0	°C
Upper limit winter set-point	50.0	-50.0	50.0	°C
Lower limit summer set-point	5.0	00.0	00.0	°C
Upper limit summer set-point	20.0			°C
Double setpoint enable	no			
Unit address into supervisory network	01	0	99	
Printout cycle	24	0	99	hours
Winter temperature differential	3.0	0	15.0	°C
Summer temperature differential	3.0	0	15.0	°C
Start-defrosting set-point	-2.0	-50.0	50.0	°C
End-defrosting set-point	14.0	-50.0	50.0	°C
Time-delay before defrosting	8	1	9999	minutes
Max. defrosting time	10	1	9999	minutes
Simultaneous defrostings	No			
Automatic start	Yes			
Remote on/off	No			
Remote Winter/Summer mode	No			
Dead zone	0.5	0	3.0	°C
Probe used	Output			
Winter low temperature threshold	5.0	-99.9	99.9	°C
Winter high temperature threshold	60.0	-99.9	99.9	°C
Summer low temperature threshold	8.0	-99.9	99.9	°C
Summer high temperature threshold	28.0	-99.9	99.9	°C
Time-delay before high/low inlet	10	0	999	minutes
temperature				





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Meaning	Default	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Unit of Measure
Daily time-zones with set-point variation	no			
Weekly on/off time-zones	no			
Daily on/off time-zones	no			
Clock board	no			
Printer	no			
Supervisory pc	no			
Capacity-controlled routines logic (<u>Note 1</u>)	DWM COP	Dwn/Cop	Fedders	
Number of Inverters (Note 2)	0	0	2	
Number of compressors	2	0	2	
Capacity-controlled routines	yes			
Fans	yes			
Unit Type	Chiller	Chiller	Chiller + HeatPump	
Min. time compressors' off routine	180	0	9999	seconds
Min. time compressors' on routine	60	0	9999	seconds
Time-interval between start-ups of two compressors	40	0	9999	seconds
Time-interval between start-ups of the same compressor	360	0	9999	seconds
Low pressure alarm delay	40	0	9999	seconds
Oil differential alarm delay	90	0	9999	seconds
Temperature regulation logic	Р			
Integration time	600	0	999	seconds
Time-delay before stopping the electropump	180	0	999	seconds
Differential Capacity step	1.0	0	9.9	bar
Probes calibration	0	-9.9	9.9	°C
Compressors shift enabled	yes			
Pumpdown enabled	no			
Max. pumpdown time	20	0	200	seconds
Compressors' off routine during defrosting cycle	no			
Compressors' off routine only when defrosting starts	no(also during defrosting)			
Compressors' off time-interval during defrosting cycle	10	0	300	seconds
Time-delay before capacity-controlled routine	10	0	300	seconds
Pressure probes min. limit	0	-10.0	50.0	bar
Pressure probes max. limit	30.0	-10.0	50.0	bar
Fans starting point – 1° step	13.0	-10.0	50.0	bar
Fans stopping point – 1° step	12.5	-10.0	50.0	bar
Fans starting point – 2° step	15.0	-10.0	50.0	bar
Fans stopping point – 2° step	14.5	-10.0	50.0	bar
Fans inverter set-point	12.5	-10.0	50.0	bar
Fans inverter differential	3.0	-10.0	50.0	bar
Version LOW NOISE enable	no			
Cut off	50	0	100	%
Histeresis	1.0	0	9.9	bar





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Meaning	Default	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Unit of Measure
Flowmeter alarm delayed at start-up	10	0	999	seconds
Flowmeter alarm delayed during normal functioning	3	0	999	seconds
Antifreeze alarm set-point	3.0	-50.0	20.0	°C
High pressure threshold	22.0	0	99.9	bar
Inlet water temperature probe	yes			
Outlet water temperature probe	yes			
Temperature probe coil no. 1-Air (Note 3)	no			
Temperature probe coil no. 2 (Note 3)	no			
Pressure probe no. 1	yes			
Pressure probe no. 2	yes			
Compressors max. working hours	10000			hours
Unit max. working hours	20000			hours

- Note 1 Fed(McQuay) Unit with scroll compressor Copeland Cop Unit with reciprocating compressor Copeland Fed(McQuay) Unit with reciprocating compressor McQuay
- Note 2 0 Unit without speed electronic control fan 2 Unit with speed electronic control fan
- Note 3 **no** Chiller unit (Air1 only optional) **yes** Heat Pump unit: Standard.

COMPONENTS DESCRIPTION AND CODES

Components		McQuay Code	Note
Terminals LCD	PCOT000CB0	129150031	
Terminals LCD (Printer connect.) Optional	PCOT00SCB0	129150032	
Terminals LCD (BackLight)	PCOT000CBB	-	
Eprom	-	129150035	
Input/Output (6IN-Analog) Board	PCOB000B00	129150037	
Input/Output (8IN-Analog) Board	PCOB000A21	129150038	
Connection cable 0.8 mt	S90CONN002	129150040	
Connection cable 1,5 mt	S90CONN000	129150041	
Connection cable 3,0 mt	S90CONN001	129150042	
Time Clock Board (Optional)	CLK000000	129150044	
Coll.RS422 Board (Optional)	PCOSER0000	129150045	
Address Board (Optional)	PCOADR0000	129150047	
Address + Time Clock Board (Optional)	PCOADRCLK0	129150048	
(T) Derivator	TCONNJ0000	129150050	
Probe NTC 6.0 mt	NTC060W000	131080036	
Probe NTC 12.0 mt	NTC120W000	129150025	
High Pressure Probe ALCO PT1-30 4/20mA	0712526	129150030	





NOTE:

All data contained in this guide can be modified without prior notice. McQuay International does not take any responsibility for the possible modifications of the information contained in this manual.

